

# TwinSolar<sup>®</sup>: PV- and Thermo- Solarmodul in ONE

# ReEnergy

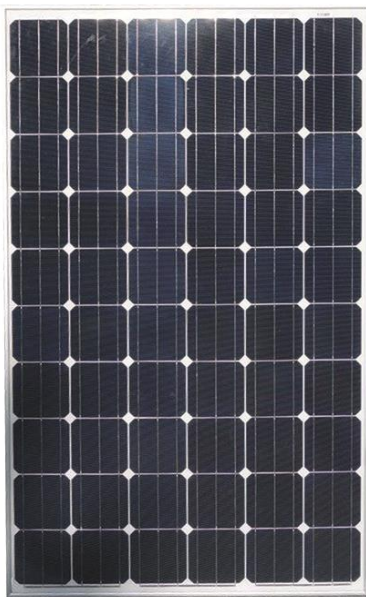
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The TwinSolar<sup>®</sup> Technology allows upgrading any  
PV-module with a thermal collector

## 1) General Information



PV -Front Site



Thermo-Back Side

The TwinSolar<sup>™</sup> is a standardized PV Hybrid-Module, using serial solar panels proven in many years of operation. The PV-panels are extended with a thermal collector, placed on the back side of the panel – see pictures left. The Twinsolar - in operation since 5 years - is simple, robust and economical.

The main Twinsolar<sup>™</sup> APPLICATION is the realization of electrically AND thermal energy plants:

- for PV-production of electrically energy using the PV-panel;
- for production of thermal energy necessary for tap-water during summer and heating during winter, using the thermal panel-part.

The DOUBLE USE of your roof surface allows:

- INCREASING of the energy production from the roof surface and
- MAXIMIZING of the benefits from the PV installation;
- REDUCING of the specifically COSTS during the installation, operation and service of the plant.

The COST-EFFICIENCY Twinsolar<sup>™</sup> is based on:

- REDUCING of the installation time, this time is only 20% higher as the installation of PV-panels, because of the one connector technique of the hydraulic part of the Twinsolar<sup>™</sup>
- the efficiency of the PV-part of the panel during the summer season increases up to 20% because of the “cooling” of the solar panels circulation of the cooling liquid.

## PV- and Thermo- Solarmodul in ONE

### 2) Technical Characteristics of TwinSolar® PVT-22-2.0

Technical Characteristics	
Cell	Polycrystalline Si solar cells
No. of Cells & Connections	60 in series with bypass diodes
Dimensions (LxWxH)	1640 x 994 x 46 mm
Weight (PV + Thermal)	21 kg + 8 kg
Type of Output Terminal	Lead Wire with MC Connector
Cooling water connection	G ½

Ambient Conditions	
Parameter	Rating
Operating Temp.	-30 ... +85 °C
Storage Temp.	-40 ... +85 °C
Storage Humidity	up to 90 %

Electrical Characteristics PV		
Parameter	Symbol	Typical
Open Circuit Voltage	$V_{oc}$	36.8 V
Maximum Power Voltage	$V_{mp}$	29.4 V
Short Circuit Current	$I_{sc}$	8 A
Maximum Power Current	$I_{mp}$	7.5 A
Nominal Power	$P_m$	220 W ( ± 3% )
Module Efficiency	$\eta_m$	13.5 %
Maximum System Voltage	$V_{max}$	1000 V

Temperature Coefficients PV	
$\alpha P_m$ T-coef. Power	- 0.43 %/°C
$\alpha I_{sc}$ T-coef. Current	+ 0.05 %/°C
$\alpha V_{oc}$ T-coef. Voltage	- 0.35 %/°C

Thermal Characteristics Th-Part*			
Parameter	Symbol	1 module	5 modules in series
<b>Thermal Power*</b>	<b><math>P_{th}</math></b>	<b>600 W *</b>	<b>3000 W *</b>
Dyn. Pressure	$P_r$	0.15 bar at 1.2 ltr/min	0.8 bar at 1.2 ltr/min
Test-Pressure	$P_t$	10 bar	
Flow-rate range	$V_F$	0.1 ltr/min to 2 ltr/min	
Cooling Liquid Water / Glycol	Cl	60 % / 40 % (-30 °C)	

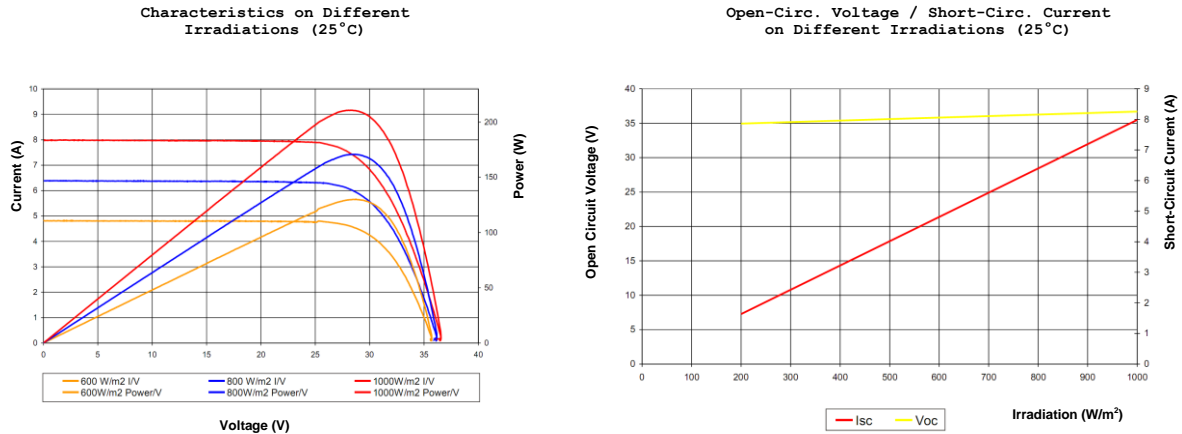
\*Data Sheet Conditions::

Ambient Temperature  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; solar Irradiation = 1 kW/m<sup>2</sup> AM 1.5, wind speed 3m/s, gape between the ptched roof and panel = 10 cm; Temperature Difference  $T_d$  between ambient Temperature  $T_a$  and cooling liquid Temperature  $T_c$  is equal to  $T_d = 5^\circ\text{C}$

PV- and Thermo- Solarmodul in ONE

2.1. PV-Characteristics TwinSolar® PVT-22-2

The characteristics of the PV-Part is equivalent whit the parameters of the source PV-panel. The integration of the thermal part INCREASES the power output of the PV-panel during high environment temperatures  $T_a$  and activated thermal part up to 20%. The lifetime of the PV-panel INCREASES, because of the reduction of the medium temperature  $T_m$  of the panel during operation.



2.2. Thermal Characteristics of TwinSolar® PVT-22-2.

The thermal output power of the panel decreases if the cooling medium  $T_c$  get hotter and the difference  $T_d$  between medium temperature  $T_c$  and ambient temperature  $T_a$  increases:  $T_d = T_c - T_a$ .

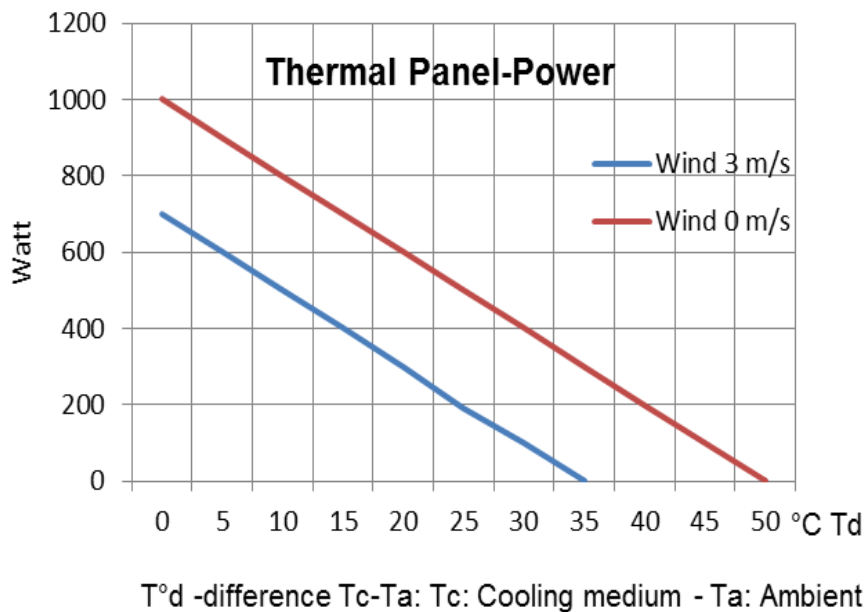


Fig.: Panel Power

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### 2.3. Calculation of the thermal power output (example)

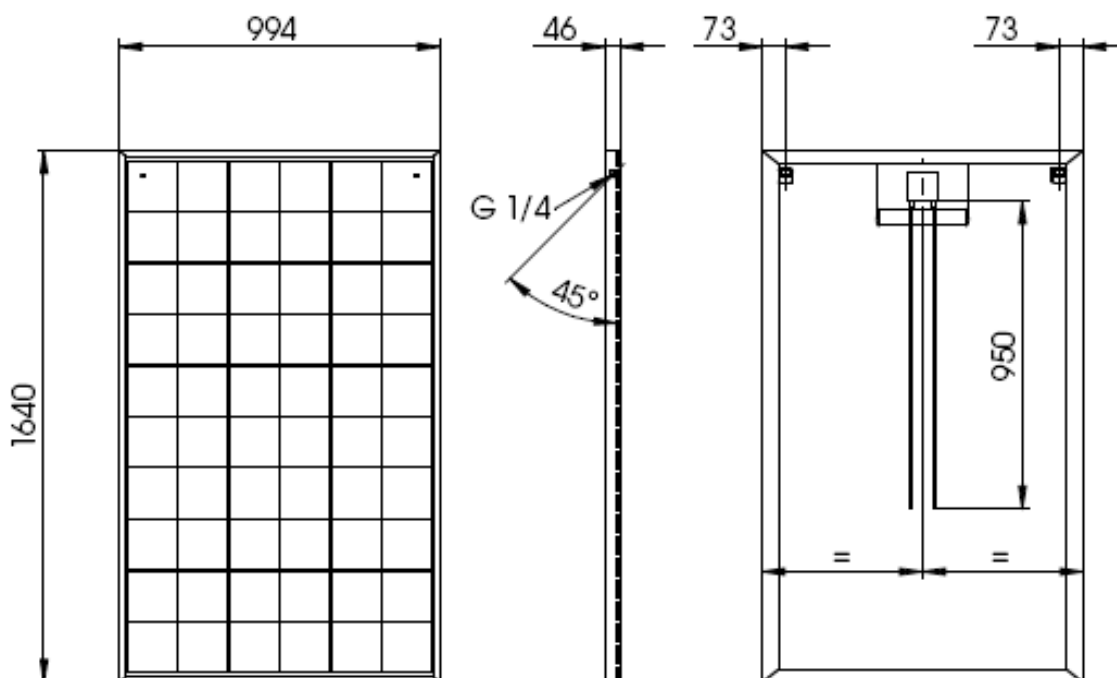
The Calculation of the thermal power uses the Table "Panel-Power" (see page 3).

Conditions for the Calculations:

Ta ambient  $T_a = 30^\circ\text{C}$  Irradiation =  $1000 \text{ W/m}^2$  Wind =  $0 \text{ m/s}$   
 5xTwinSolar Panel serial connected to a string.

- a) Input T°: first Panel  $T_{c1} = 30^\circ\text{C}$   
 $T_{d1} = T_{c1}(30^\circ\text{C}) - T_a(30^\circ\text{C}) = 0^\circ\text{C}$   
 from Fig. "Panel Power": Panel Power  $P_{p1} = 1000\text{W}$
- b) Output T°: last Panel  $T_{c5} = 55^\circ\text{C}$   
 $T_d = T_{c5}(55^\circ\text{C}) - T_a(30^\circ\text{C}) = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
 from Fig. "Panel Power": Panel Power  $P_{p5} = 400\text{W}$
- c) Medium panel power:  $P_{tm} = 0.5 \cdot (400\text{W} + 1000\text{W}) = 700\text{W}$
- d) RESULT: Thermal string power:  $P_{ths} = 5 \cdot P_{tm} = 3500 \text{ W}$

### 3) TwinSolar® PVT-22-2.0 Dimensions (all dimensions in mm)



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